

**FINAL PROCEDURES CONCERNING DISPOSITION OF
MINORS' AND DISABLED PERSONS'
PERSONAL INJURY CASES, SURVIVAL ACTIONS, AND WRONGFUL
DEATH CASES WITH SAMPLE PETITIONS AND ORDERS**

March 2023

**TO: ALL JUDGES OF THE LAW AND PROBATE DIVISIONS,
AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT**

FROM: DANIEL B. MALONE, PRESIDING JUDGE, PROBATE DIVISION

JAMES P. FLANNERY, JR., PRESIDING JUDGE, LAW DIVISION

E. KENNETH WRIGHT, PRESIDING JUDGE, FIRST MUNICIPAL DISTRICT

This memorandum, outlining procedures to be followed in handling minors' and disabled persons' personal injury cases, actions which survive a plaintiff's death, and actions brought under the Wrongful Death Act 740 ILCS 180/0.01 et seq., supersedes all prior memoranda relating to these procedures.

I. INTRODUCTION.

Pursuant to Cook County Circuit Court Rules 6.4, 6.5, and 12.15, the judges of the Law Division and Municipal Department hearing a minor's or disabled person's personal injury action, an action brought under the Wrongful Death Act, or an action which survives a plaintiff's death, shall approve the fairness and reasonableness of a proposed settlement, fix the attorneys' fees and expenses attributable to the litigation, adjudicate liens, apportion a percent for wrongful death and a percent for survival action, and determine the allocation of the wrongful death proceeds based upon the degrees of dependency of the next of kin where appropriate and enter the appropriate order dismissing the action. Wrongful death matters without a survival count shall not be referred to the Probate Division. However survival actions, as well as actions involving minors and disabled persons, must be referred to the Probate Division for the purpose of appointing an estate representative.

Once the Law or Municipal judge makes these determinations, pursuant to Cook County Circuit Court Rule 12.15, the judges of the Probate Division are responsible for appointing guardians or other representatives, setting and approving bonds, authorizing the settlement distribution of proceeds, approving vouchers, and **administering** the estate in cases where the

amount involved requires administration, such as when the action survives the plaintiff's death or a minor or disabled person is the recipient of settlement proceeds.

II. REQUIREMENTS.

A. Submission of Verdict or Settlement Petition and Proposed Order of Distribution.

Any attorney seeking approval of a settlement in an action involving: (1) a minor's or disabled person's personal injury case; (2) an action brought under the Wrongful Death Act; and (3) an action which survives a plaintiff's death shall, in a written form, submit a petition and proposed order of distribution to the Law Division or Municipal Department settling judge presiding over the matter at the time of settlement.

B. Fair and Reasonable.

The settling judge reviewing the aforementioned settlement petition shall decide whether the settlement is "fair and reasonable." Such a determination shall be based upon the totality of the known facts. Factors that are considered include, but are not limited to: (1) the severity of the injury; (2) an analysis of liability against the defendant(s); (3) whether the case was settled pursuant to arbitration, mediation or pre-trial proceedings; and (4) in wrongful death cases, the alleged level of the defendant's culpability may also be considered.

Recitation of Known Facts in Petition: In order to make a finding that the settlement is "fair and reasonable," the Petition must include a brief recitation of the case's known facts. IT IS NOT SUFFICIENT TO MERELY REFER TO ANY COMPLAINTS FILED WITH THE CASE.

Fair and Reasonable Language in Order: The settlement order must contain the following language: "***The settlement amount is fair and reasonable.***"

C. Proceedings Transferred to Probate for Estate Administration.

Amount distributable of \$10,000.00 or more: In any action in which the net amount distributable after deducting fees, expenses, and liens from the total settlement amount to a minor or disabled person is \$10,000.00 or more, a proceeding must be instituted in the Probate Division in the county where the minor or disabled person resides. In such instances, the settling judge's order of distribution **must** contain the following language:

"The settlement amount approved herein shall be paid only to a guardian appointed by the probate division where the minor or disabled person resides and this order shall be effective only after the entry in the probate division or

circuit court of an order approving the bond or other security required to administer the settlement and distribution provided for in this order.”

The order **shall not** contain language which appoints a guardian, designates a depository or purports to waive a bond. Further, the order **shall not** direct the execution of releases by the parent, next friend or guardian. Said language would allow settlement without bond and without referral to the Probate Division.

Amount distributable of \$10,000.00 or less: If the minor or disabled person is to receive an amount of \$10,000.00 or less, the settling judge has the discretion to order that all or part of the funds be: 1) distributed to and controlled by the parent, next friend, or guardian for **the sole benefit** of the minor or disabled person until the minor reaches the age of majority and/or disability is removed, and/or 2) distributed to the parent, next friend, or guardian to be placed in an interest-bearing restricted bank account and held therein until the minor reaches the age of majority and/or the disability is removed. In any case, the order of distribution must indicate to whom the funds will be distributed, how they will be used and protected (bank account, money market account, etc), whether said account will be taxed, and who will administer the account.

1. Actions brought by a Personal Representative.

In wrongful death/survival actions brought by a personal representative appointed by the Probate Division, the distributable amount is administered in the Probate Division.

Upon the settlement or disposition of a wrongful death cause of action, the settling judge shall apportion a percent for wrongful death and a percent for survival action, and determine the allocation of the wrongful death proceeds based upon the degrees of dependency of the next of kin. Further, prior to distribution of the proceeds, the settling judge disposing of the wrongful death case shall consider appointing a guardian ad litem to represent the interests of any minor or disabled person solely for the purpose of distribution. The necessity for appointment of a guardian ad litem usually arises in circumstances in which the proposed distribution allocates a **disproportionately low amount to the minor or disabled person**. The fees of the guardian ad litem shall be paid out of the gross estate rather than the distributive share of the minor.

The order approving the settlement or entering the judgment in such actions shall provide that the amount distributable, based on dependency, shall be **accounted for and administered in the Probate Division**. Upon the entry of the order, the representative shall file a petition in the Probate Division requesting the entry of an order authorizing the representative to **accept the**

distributable amount and fixing and approving the bond, unless waived by the Probate Division, or other security required pursuant to the settlement or judgment. A copy of the order entered by the Law Division or Municipal Department judge must be attached to the petition.

2. Actions brought by a Wrongful Death Special Administrator.

In wrongful death actions brought by a special administrator appointed pursuant to 740 ILCS 180/2, the order entering judgment or approving the settlement shall provide that the court in which the action is heard shall distribute the amount recovered in any such action. However, if proceeds in excess of \$10,000.00 are distributable to a minor or disabled person, the order of distribution shall be **administered and distributed** under the supervision of the Probate Division.

3. Structured Settlements.

Structured settlements require formulating procedures and/or payment schedules to safeguard settling minors and disabled persons in personal injury cases. Any structured settlement proposal is subject to the approval of the settling judge in accordance with the guidelines set forth in this memorandum.

When structured payment settlements are utilized, the attorney's compensation shall not exceed 33 1/3% (or that allowable by statute) of the "Present Cash Value" of the total settlement except as set forth in D below.

D. Attorney's Fees For Settlement of Minors' and Disabled Persons' Personal Injury and Wrongful Death cases.

Pursuant to Cook County Circuit Court Rule 6.4(b):

Except as otherwise limited by rule or statute, attorneys' compensation shall not exceed one-third of the recovery if the case is disposed of in the trial court by settlement or trial. If an appeal is perfected, the compensation to be paid to the attorney shall not in any event exceed one half of the recovery.

Attorneys Fees' in Medical Malpractice Actions Filed on or After January 18, 2013:

Under the provisions of 735 ILCS 5/2-1114, effective January 18, 2013, "In all medical malpractice actions the total contingent fee for plaintiff's attorney or attorneys shall not exceed 33 1/3% of all sums recovered."

E. Attorney's Expenses.

Every petition and order of distribution must include a **detailed itemization of all expenses claimed** and the party seeking to recover expenses bears the burden of presenting

sufficient evidence to support the claim. GMAC Mortgage Corp. v. Larson, 232 Ill. App. 3d 697, 703 (3rd Dist. 1992). Strict judicial scrutiny of these items is to be expected pursuant to the applicable case law. Note: itemized charges are necessary for consultants who have been retained under Illinois Supreme Court Rule 201(b)(3), however the consultant's identity is not required to be disclosed. It is within the discretion of the reviewing court to determine whether said expenses are recoverable. In any case where more than one petition is submitted (i.e., where parties settle at different times during the litigation), only those expenses attributable to the parties involved in the particular settlement shall be included in each respective petition on a pro rata basis.

Overhead Expenses: An attorney cannot separately itemize and charge to the client expenses properly designated as overhead. Overhead expenses include general office expenses, such as photocopying, legal newspaper subscriptions, telephone and delivery services, telecopier and research (i.e. Westlaw, Lexis, Law Bulletin), and other similar expenses. Harris Trust & Sav. Bank v. Am. Nat'l Bank & Trust Co. of Chicago, 230 Ill. App. 3d 591, 599-600 (1st Dist. 1992). Other inappropriate overhead expenses include taxi or rideshare applications, routine local transportation mileage, lunch, and litigation funding contracts. Additionally, there will be no allowance for advances for costs of remaining litigation.

Ambiguous Charges: Expenses that are indistinct in terms of the task performed, its purposes, or the time spent on the task are considered "ambiguous" and unrecoverable. Mercado v. Calumet Fed. Sav. & Loan Ass'n, 196 Ill. App. 3d 483, 494 (1st Dist. 1990). For example, in Mercado, the following undated entries were deemed too vague and lacking in sufficient details concerning the nature of the legal tasks performed: 10 hours for "research in connection with the brief in support of defendant's motion to dismiss;" and 11 hours for "research for the balance of the case in connection with the appeal and brief." *Id.*

Excessive or Duplicative Billing: The court shall exclude from any distribution order deductions for expenses that are "excessive, redundant, duplicative, or otherwise unnecessary." Berlak v. Villa Scalabrini Home for the Aged, 284 Ill. App. 3d 231, 244 (1st Dist. 1996).

Medical Expenses: See Section G below for guidance regarding when deductions for medical expenses are and are not permitted.

Prospective Expenses: Expenses that are prospective, such as expenses to be paid by the attorney subsequent to the entry of the settlement and distribution order, such as Probate filing fees, bond fees, etc., are **not recoverable** in the Law Division or the First Municipal Department.

However, to ensure recovery of said expenses the attorney may include the following language in the order:

“The Probate expense(s) claimed herein appear reasonable, however, reimbursement of the same must be obtained from the Probate estate.”

Again, expenses for future funding of any remaining litigation are not recoverable.

F. Vouchers

In all settlements where the distribution of the proceeds is not supervised by the Probate Division, including wrongful death with no survival, the plaintiff’s attorney must, within 60 days of entry, file and submit to the settling judge vouchers evidencing that: 1) the funds have been distributed and received in accordance with the settlement order and 2) the attorney expenses claimed in the settlement order are consistent with costs actually paid. Failure to file vouchers within this designated period could result in the issuance of a rule to show cause.

G. Liens and Reimbursements for Medical Expenses

Health Care Services Lien Act. A valid primary lien under the Health Care Services Lien Act, 770 ILCS 23/1 *et seq.*, shall be satisfied from any award, even if the award is in favor of a minor or disabled person, and even if the award does not specifically incorporate recovery for medical expenses incurred or paid, Manago v. County of Cook, 2017 IL 121078 ¶23. There is no inherent conflict between the application of the Family Expense Act and the Lien Act. *Id.* at ¶ 33.

Insurance subrogation claims. If the parents of the minor receive a benefit from the payment of medical expenses by an insurer, the insurer may not recover those expenses from the minor’s estate. Estate of Aimone v. State Health Benefit Plan/ Equicor, 248 Ill. App. 3d 882, 884 (3rd Dist. 1993). See also, In Re Estate of Hammond, 141 Ill. App. 3d 963, 965 (1st Dist. 1986); Klem v. Mann, 279 Ill. App. 3d 735, 738-739 (1st Dist. 1996); Estate of Woodring v. Liberty Mutual Fire Ins. Co., 71 Ill. App. 3d 158 (2nd Dist. 1979). **However**, where the settling judge explicitly finds that the dependent of an insured was a third-party beneficiary of the insurance contract, an insurer’s subrogation claim against the minor’s recovery may be allowed. See, e.g., Sosin v. Hayes, 258 Ill. App. 3d 949, 952 (1st Dist. 1994) (The injured minor was named as a covered dependent under his father’s health plan and would continue to receive benefits arising out of the accident after reaching the age of majority; the minor’s mother assigned her rights to reimbursement for medical expenses to him; and the minor’s father executed the unambiguous reimbursement agreement for medical expenses with the insurer on behalf of himself and on

behalf of his minor son, so minor was deemed a direct contract beneficiary and subrogation was allowed from the minor's settlement.).

ERISA Plan's reimbursement rights. If a self-funded ERISA plan requires reimbursement by all plan beneficiaries who receive benefits thereunder, such contractual terms can be enforced to require reimbursement from a minor's settlement and state anti-subrogation statutes are preempted. FMC Corp. V. Holiday, 498 U.S. 52 (1990); *see also* Board of Trustees v. Adams, 1998 WL 259543 (N.D. Ill).

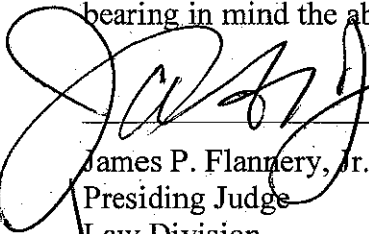
Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services liens. The Illinois Public Aid Code provides that the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services has a charge upon all claims, demands, and causes of action for injuries to someone who received or has applied for financial aid, including health care benefits. 305 ILCS 5/11-22. Additionally, this right of reimbursement "take[s] priority over all other liens and charges existing under the laws of the State of Illinois with the exception of the attorney's lien." *Id.* Distribution of settlement proceeds is within the trial court's powers. McKim v. S. Ill. Hosp. Servs., 2016 IL App (5th) 140405, ¶ 17.

Medicare liens. Under the Medicare Secondary Payer Act, Medicare does not pay for medical services in cases where an injury or illness was caused by another party or in situations where payment can be made by liability insurance. 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b)(2)(A)(ii) (2012). If Medicare pays for medical care under such circumstances, the payment is construed as a "conditional payment." 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b)(2)(B)(i) (2012); C.F.R. § 411.52 (2012). Medicare has a direct right to recover the entire amount of the bills paid from the entity responsible to make the primary payment, or alternatively from the individual or entity that received payment from the responsible party. 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b)(2)(B)(iii) (2012). McKim v. S. Ill. Hospital. Servs., 2016 IL App (5th) 140405, ¶ 22.


III. CONCLUSION

The provisions of this Memorandum apply equally to minors' and disabled persons' personal injury cases, wrongful death and survival actions. The objective of the procedures described above is to permit the total disposition by the Law Division or Municipal Department of any case in which a Probate Division action is not necessary, while at the same time, ensuring that appropriate Probate Division involvement is not eliminated by reason of an overly broad Law Division or Municipal Department order.

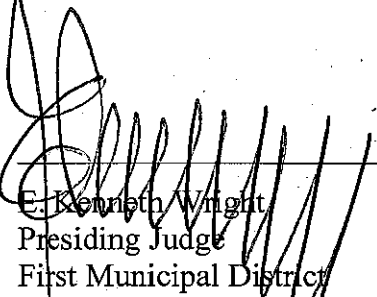
It is to be noted that while the following sample petitions and orders would handle the great majority of cases, they may not deal with those which go to verdict and judgment as opposed to settlement. In those cases, orders must be tailored to suit the particular circumstances bearing in mind the above procedures.



James P. Flannery, Jr.
Presiding Judge
Law Division



Daniel B. Malone
Presiding Judge
Probate Division



E. Kenneth Wright
Presiding Judge
First Municipal District

LAW DIVISION
AND
MUNICIPAL
DEPARTMENT SAMPLE
ORDERS

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS
COUNTY DEPARTMENT - LAW DIVISION

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No.

Defendant.

Settlement Order

Upon the motion of the parties through the respective attorneys and pursuant to the laws of Illinois for the entry of an order approving the settlement with the Defendant(s) listed on Exhibit A, the Court finds as follows:

1. Attached as Exhibit ___ is the Distribution Summary Worksheet detailing the Defendant(s)'s settlement offer(s), the attorney fees, case expenses submitted for reimbursement, the liens that will be paid, the allocation of settlement proceeds between the wrongful death action and the survival action, and the division of the wrongful death proceeds pursuant to the order of dependency.
2. The settlement amount of \$ _____ is fair and reasonable.
3. The attorney for the Plaintiff is entitled to attorney fees in the amount of \$ _____ and the attorney fees are within the limits of Cook CO. Cir. R. 6.5 (1) (d).
4. The attorney for the Plaintiff is entitled to reimbursement in the amount of \$ _____, for case expenses as detailed on Exhibit A.
5. Liens in the amount of \$ _____ shall be paid from the settlement amounts as detailed on Exhibit A.
6. After the payment of attorney fees, reimbursement of case expenses, and the payment of liens, the net proceeds of the action are \$ _____.
7. ___% of the net proceeds of the action are allocated to the survival action, resulting in \$ _____ that will be distributed to the representative as an asset of the decedents' estate. As an estate asset, these funds shall be distributed according to the Probate Act.
8. ___% of the net proceeds of the action are allocated to the Wrongful Death action, resulting in \$ _____ that will be distributed according to the provisions of the Wrongful Death Act. Based on the order of dependency, the representative shall distribute this sum as detailed on Exhibit A. These distributions shall be accounted for and administered in the Probate Division.
9. In accordance with Cook Co. Cir. Ct. R. 6.5 and 12.15 (Sept. 29, 2011), the settlement shall only be paid upon the presentation of an order entered in the Probate Division

authorizing the Decedent's representative to receive the distributable amounts and approving the bond or other security required.

10. In accordance with Cook Co. Cir. Ct. R. 6.5(2), if no Probate estate is opened and only a wrongful death claim is pleaded, the settlement proceeds will be distributed to each of the surviving next of kin in the proportion as determined by the division where the appointment was made. In this case, a probate estate does not need to be opened, except for situations in which over \$10,000 is to be distributed to a minor or disabled adult.

ENTERED

Judge

Settlement of minor's personal injury action where proceeds in excess of \$10,000.00 are distributable to minor or disabled person.

ORDER

Upon the motion of the parties hereto through their respective attorneys for the entry of an order approving a settlement in the amount of \$ _____, the court finds as follows:

1. The settlement amount is fair and reasonable.
2. The attorney for the plaintiff is entitled to fees in the amount of \$ _____.
3. The attorney for the plaintiff is entitled to reimbursement for expenses attributable to this lawsuit in the amount of \$ _____ as itemized below:

_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____

TOTAL: \$ _____

4. The lien of _____ has been adjudicated by the court and allowed in the sum of \$ _____.
5. The net amount distributable to the minor/plaintiff disabled person is \$(over \$10,000.00).
6. This matter is dismissed with prejudice and without costs.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the settlement is approved provided that the settlement amount approved herein shall be paid only to a guardian appointed by the probate division or circuit court where the minor or disabled person resides and this order shall be effective only after the entry in the appropriate probate division of an order approving the bond or other security required to administer the settlement and distribution provided for this order.

JUDGE

Settlement of minor's or disabled persons' personal injury action where the proceeds under \$10,000.00 are distributed to parent/guardian/next of friend.

ORDER

Upon the motion of the parties hereto through their respective attorneys for the entry of an order approving a settlement in the amount of \$ _____, the court finds as follows:

1. The settlement amount is fair and reasonable.
2. The attorney for the plaintiff is entitled to fees in the amount of \$ _____.
3. The attorney for the plaintiff is entitled to reimbursement for expenses attributable to this lawsuit in the amount of \$ _____ as itemized below:

_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____

TOTAL: \$ _____

4. The lien of _____ has been adjudicated by the court and allowed in the sum of \$ _____.
5. The net amount distributable to name of minor or disabled plaintiff, minor/disabled plaintiff, is \$ _____ and name of parent/guardian/next of kin, parent/guardian/next of kin of the minor/disabled person plaintiff, is qualified to receive said sum on the behalf of the minor.
 - a. \$ _____ of these funds shall be distributed to name of parent/guardian/next of kin on date for the sole benefit of name of minor/disabled person and used to _____; and/or
 - b. \$ _____ of these funds shall be placed in an interest bearing bank account at Name of Bank, Account # _____, and held therein until the minor reaches majority/the disability is removed.
6. Vouchers evidencing attorney's expenses and disbursement of funds shall be filed with this court within 60 (sixty) days.
7. This matter is dismissed with prejudice and without costs.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this Court shall retain jurisdiction to enforce the terms of the settlement and to adjudicate liens.

JUDGE

Settlement of a Wrongful Death action in which the proceeds distributable to a minor or disabled person are less than \$10,000.00.

ORDER

Upon the motion of the parties hereto through their respective attorneys and pursuant to the Illinois Wrongful Death Act, for the entry of an order approving the settlement in the amount of \$ _____, the court finds as follows:

1. The settlement amount is fair and reasonable.
2. The attorney for the plaintiff is entitled to fees in the amount of \$ _____.
3. The attorney for the plaintiff is entitled to reimbursement for the expenses attributable to this lawsuit in the amount of \$ _____ as itemized below:

	\$	
	\$	
	\$	
	\$	
TOTAL:	\$	

4. The lien of _____ has been adjudicated by the court and allowed in the sum of \$ _____.
5. The next of kin (heirship as set forth in 755 5/2-1 et seq.) of the decedent is as follows: **(all next of kin/heirs must be identified)**

Name	Relation	Adult, Disabled Adult, Minor
Name	Relation	Adult, Disabled Adult, Minor
Name	Relation	Adult, Disabled Adult, Minor
Name	Relation	Adult, Disabled Adult, Minor

6. The percentages of dependency for the next of kin identified in paragraph 5 are as follows:

Name	Percentage of Dependency	%	Amount
Name	Percentage of Dependency	%	Amount

Name	Percentage of Dependency	Amount
_____	_____ %	_____
Name	Percentage of Dependency	Amount
_____	_____ %	_____

7. The net amount distributable to the adult next of kin of \$ _____ and should be distributed in accordance with the above percentages of dependency.
8. The net amount distributable to the minor/disabled next of kin of \$ _____ and *name of parent/guardian/next of kin*, parent/guardian/next of kin of the minor/disabled person plaintiff, is qualified to receive said sum on the behalf of the minor.
 - a. \$ _____ of these funds shall be distributed to *name of parent/guardian/next of kin* on *date* for the sole benefit of *name of minor/disabled person* and used to _____; and/or
 - b. \$ _____ of these funds shall be placed in an interest bearing bank account at *Name of Bank*, Account No: ##### _____ and held therein until the minor reaches majority/the disability is removed.
9. Vouchers evidencing attorney's expenses and disbursement of funds shall be filed with this court within 60 (sixty) days.
10. This matter is dismissed with prejudice and without costs.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the settlement is approved and the [special] administrator/executor is authorized and directed to execute releases upon receipt of the sum offered and to distribute he proceeds in accordance with the provision of this order.

The Court shall retain jurisdiction to enforce the terms of the settlement and to adjudicate liens.

JUDGE

PROBATE SAMPLE
PETITIONS AND ORDERS

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS
COUNTY DEPARTMENT, PROBATE DIVISION

Estate of

No. _____

Minor

PETITION TO SETTLE CAUSE OF ACTION - MINOR'S ESTATE

_____, guardian of the estate of _____, a minor, states under the penalties of perjury:

- 1. The minor has a cause of action against _____ for injury to the minor on _____.
2. The minor sustained injuries fully described on Exhibit A and made a part of this petition.
3. A settlement of \$ _____ has been offered and petitioner recommends that it be accepted.
*4. An order was entered by Judge _____ on _____ Case No. _____, approving the settlement and determining the distribution of the proceeds. (Attach copy of order)
5. The total charges against the proceeds are \$ _____ and are itemized on Exhibit B and made a part of this petition.
6. The balance available for distribution to the minor is \$ _____.
7. Petitioner asks leave to distribute the balance as follows:
*(a) \$ _____ to be deposited in _____ (name of depository) in an account in the name of the minor to be held subject to further order of court and to be released to the minor without further order upon the attainment of majority on _____ (name of depositor)
*(b) \$ _____ to be paid to _____ (name of guardian, parent or relative, stating relationship) for the benefit of the minor.

Petitioner asks leave to settle the cause of action for the sum offered, to distribute the proceeds and to be discharged as guardian.

Atty. No.: _____
Atty. Name: _____
Atty. for Petitioner: _____
Address: _____
City/State/Zip: _____
Telephone: _____
Primary Email: _____

Attorney

*Strike if not applicable

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS
COUNTY DEPARTMENT, PROBATE DIVISION

Estate of

Blank lines for estate name and number, with 'Minor' label.

ORDER TO SETTLE CAUSE OF ACTION - MINOR'S ESTATE

On the verified petition of the guardian to settle a cause of action for injury,

IT IS ORDERED that:

- 1. The cause of action be settled for \$ and, upon receiving that sum, the guardian execute and deliver to the party against whom the cause of action lies a release and discharge from all liability or covenant not to sue on account of the injuries;
2. The guardian distribute the proceeds of the settlement as follows: (Attach additional statements if necessary.)

Table with columns: Name, Description, Amount. Rows for 'To' and '*To' with 'for' and '(name of depository)' labels.

IN AN ACCOUNT IN THE NAME OF THE MINOR, TO BE HELD SUBJECT TO FURTHER ORDER OF COURT OR TO BE RELEASED TO THE MINOR WITHOUT FURTHER ORDER UPON THE ATTAINMENT OF MAJORITY ON

*To (name of guardian, parent or relative, stating relationship)

for benefit of the minor. Total disbursement \$ (4171)

- 3. The guardian shall be discharged from further duty and the guardian and the surety on the bond shall be released from further obligation and the estate shall be closed upon the presentation of vouchers of disbursement in accordance with this order on at a.m./p.m., in Room (6133)

- 4. If the guardian fails to present the report of distribution or vouchers without cause shown, the order approving costs and allowing the attorney's fee shall be vacated and a rule shall issue against the guardian requiring him/her to show cause why he/she should not be adjudged in contempt of court.

Atty. No.:
Name:
Firm Name:
Atty. for Petitioner:
Address:
City/State/Zip Code:
Telephone:

ENTERED:

Dated:

Judge Judge's No.

*Strike if not applicable.

IRIS Y. MARTINEZ, CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS
COUNTY DEPARTMENT - PROBATE DIVISION

Estate of _____

No. _____

Deceased

PETITION TO SETTLE CAUSE OF ACTION-WRONGFUL DEATH

_____, representative of the estate,
on oath states:

1. Petitioner has a cause of action against _____ for causing the death of decedent on _____.
2. Decedent's next of kin and their proportionate percentages of dependency are set forth on Exhibit A attached thereto. (State name, relationship and percentage of dependency)
3. A settlement of \$ _____ has been offered and petitioner recommends that it be accepted.
- *4. An order was entered by Judge _____ in case No. _____ approving the settlement and determining the distribution of the proceeds. (Attach copy of order)
5. The total charges against the proceeds in the amount of \$ _____ are listed on Exhibit A attached hereto. (Specify to whom, purpose, and amount of each charge)
6. The balance available for distribution is \$ _____ to be paid in accordance with the above percentages of dependency, as follows:

Name

Amount

7. Decedent left no other assets requiring administration.

Petitioner asks leave to settle the cause of action for the sum offered, to pay out the proceeds, and to be discharged as representative.

Petitioner

Signed and sworn before me on this day of _____, _____

Atty. No. _____

Name: _____

Attorney for Petitioner: _____

Address: _____

City/State/Zip: _____

Telephone: _____

Notary public

*Strike if not applicable

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS
COUNTY DEPARTMENT, PROBATE DIVISION

Estate of _____

No. _____

Deceased

ORDER FOR LEAVE TO SETTLE CAUSE OF ACTION-WRONGFUL DEATH

On the verified petition of the representative, it appears to the court that:

- (a) Petitioner has a cause of action against _____
for causing the death of the decedent on _____, _____.
- (b) Decedent's next of kin and their proportionate percentages of dependency are set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto.
(State name, relationship and percentage of dependency)
- (c) Petitioner has recommended that a settlement offer of \$ _____ be accepted.
- * (d) An order was entered by Judge _____ on _____,
in Case No. _____ approving the settlement and determining the distribution of the proceeds.

IT IS ORDERED that:

- 1. The cause of action be settled for the sum offered and upon receiving the sum offered the representative execute and deliver to the party against whom the cause of action lies a release and discharge from all liability or a covenant not to sue on account of the death.
- 2. The representative pay charges in the amount of \$ _____ from the proceeds of the settlement as indicated on Exhibit A attached hereto, which specifies to whom, the purpose and the amount of each charge. 4178
- 3. The representative distribute the balance of \$ _____ in accordance with the attached percentages of dependency as follows:

Name	Amount

4. This order stands as the representative's final account and the representative shall be discharged, the surety released, and the estate closed upon the presentation of vouchers of disbursement in accordance with this order

on _____, _____ at _____ m. in Room _____ 4139

Atty. No. _____
 Name: _____
 Attorney for: _____
 Address: _____
 City/State/Zip: _____
 Telephone: _____

ENTER:
 Judge _____ Judge's No. _____

*Strike if not applicable.